

Belmont Chronicle.

St. Clairsville, Ohio, June 14.

THE MEETING ON SATURDAY.

The Union meeting held at St. Clairsville last Saturday was the finest meeting of the kind we have attended for many years. The meeting was quite large, and was attended by the best men in Belmont County.

Hon. Isaac Welsh occupied the chair, and Lieut. Cope (late Adjutant 15th Ohio) was Secretary.

The list of delegates appointed to the State Convention, and other business transacted, will be found among the proceedings of the Convention, in another column.

As will be seen, the 7th day of July was fixed upon as the time and Belmont as the place for holding the Convention to nominate a County ticket. We hope that Convention will be largely attended, and that our friends will take pains to nominate a strong ticket of good and unexceptionable men. The ticket to be elected next Fall is an important one, and it is of the greatest importance that we should bring forward none but strong men.

The Constitutional Amendment, forever prohibiting Rebels from voting or holding office in West Virginia, has been ratified by the people of that State, by about 7,000 majority. The Morgantown Post calls for ex-carts to transport those "20,000 citizens" who would leave the State if this amendment was adopted.

Missouri and West Virginia have been "reconstructed" after the right style, and matters in Tennessee look favorable.

We congratulate our neighbors over the river on the adoption of this righteous measure. All hail, West Virginia!

The Democracy have been in the habit of claiming that they are the friends of the soldiers. Every convention of the party large and small, has a little blowing for the boys in blue, and if the latter do not vote their ticket it is no fault of the champions of the leaves and fishes policy. Unfortunately, however, the good opinion is not reciprocated. A striking instance of this occurred at the Pennsylvania Soldiers and Sailors' Convention, just held in Pittsburgh. Resolutions were passed endorsing Gov. Curtin in the highest terms, and warmly praising Gen. Gary, the Union nominee to succeed him as Chief Magistrate of the State. It may be remembered, also, that the resolutions approved the reconstruction policy of Congress. One unfortunate delegate, who is Secretary of a Democratic Club in the benighted County of Berks, rose to speak, when some one asked him if he intended to conform to the proceedings of the Convention, or vote for Gen. Clymer (Dem.) for Governor. After some equivocation, he said, "for Clymer." Gen. Collins said the presence of such a delegate was an insult to the Convention. Capt. Turner of Philadelphia, then moved that two negroes be appointed to escort him out of doors, and volunteered to be one of them. The Copperhead thought discretion the better part of valor, and quietly took his leave. This action foreshadows the treatment which Vallandigham's friend, "Gen." LeFever, will receive through the ballot box from the soldiers of Ohio.—[Cin. Gaz.]

Southern Opinion. The Raleigh (N. C.) Standard, a paper not heretofore in the least supposed to be afflicted with radical tendencies, in speaking of the Reconstruction plan, just presented in the Senate, as the amended report of the committee, has the following remarks. After enumerating the provisions of the proposition, it says:

"It is our deliberate opinion that the above terms are the very best the Southern States can obtain. If these terms should be rejected, heavier and more stringent terms will be required. Delay in this matter will be dangerous."

It is provided by the Constitution that amendments thereto may be ratified by the legislatures or by conventions of the States. As the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by Congress, it is, of course, as well as legislatures, should be allowed to ratify, our convention now in session might at once ratify the foregoing amendments, and thus take the lead in the great work of restoration.

We would commend this judicious view of the case to some of the very ardent champions of the South in this section.—[Columbus Journal.]

"Save us from our friends!" may be the exclamation of the Copperheads, on reading the intended—badly decided too plain-spoken—compliment paid them by Mr. Forsyth, editor of the Mobile Register. This individual has been traveling North, and was invited to attend a meeting of the Illinois Democratic Central Committee at Chicago. In noticing his entertainers, he says:

"I almost feel as if I were in 'Rebeldom' when I hear these gentlemen talk. If non-commissioned soldiers are more zealous and uncompromising in their hostility to Radicalism than we are at home."

We do not think the Alabama gentleman would have been so complimentary to the Union ticket, had he been traveling South, and was invited to attend a meeting of the Illinois Democratic Central Committee at Chicago. In noticing his entertainers, he says:

Landin P. Milligan.

The following is taken from a letter received from Hon. Isaac Welsh:

I have just read a set speech delivered by L. P. Milligan to his Democratic friends at the town of Bluffton, Ind.—The occasion was what was termed a grand oration to the above named worthy. The orator improved the occasion by endorsing the Democratic party generally, and in denouncing the leaders of the Union party in particular. The following most bitter and malignant language was used toward President Lincoln, Gov. Brough, and Gov. Morton:

"God is just; although to us, who do not understand his providence, that justice sometimes seems tardy. I never was prone to believe in the frequent recurrence of special providences, but such instances are distinctly seen in the case of three of the greatest sinners against God's righteous will—Lincoln, Brough and Morton."

"One has been summoned to the bar of retributive justice with his sin unpunished. Another, covered all over with the milder of debauchery and wrapped in the exhalations from which buzzards would turn their heads away, has been carried to the grave the impress of infamy; while there yet remains one of the Godless trio, but the plague is on its westward march, his limbs are smote with the blood of crime, and tremble under their load of corruption."

Now it will be recollected that Landin P. Milligan, Bowles, and Horsey were arraigned and tried during the fall and winter of 1864, before a military court in Indiana for high treason, for a conspiracy which embraced the assassination of Governor Morton, and the other State officials of Indiana. Of these charges they were each found guilty, and sentenced to be executed. Their sentence was first approved by President Johnson, but afterwards commuted to imprisonment for life, when they immediately entered upon their term of service in the Ohio Penitentiary, where they remained until shortly after the first of April last.

To show the utter recklessness, and baseness of the man, who under all the circumstances, could use such language as that quoted above toward the late President Lincoln and Gov. Morton, I will relate some of the language of this L. P. Milligan, which was used in a conversation had with him in the Ohio Penitentiary on Sunday, the first day of April last, and only a few days before he was released from prison.

I had gone to the prison to hear an old friend preach to the convicts. After service the minister and myself, accompanied by the warden, called on Milligan in the Prison Hospital, where we found him doing hospital duty. After learning that I was from Belmont County, where he had studied law, and pretended to practice for a number of years, he inquired about the people of St. Clairsville and some of the prominent men of the County. The conversation then turned upon his present condition and misfortune. He first stated that he expected to be released from prison in a few days—that he had assurances from his attorneys to that effect on which he could rely. He then said, "If President Lincoln had lived a little while longer he (Milligan) would never have been in prison."

That the evidence in the case of his trial, with the points of law submitted by his attorneys, had been forwarded to Mr. Lincoln, and by him carefully examined, and that he had decided to release him and Horsey, and to hold Bowles during the war; but before the official papers, upon which the President could act, had reached Washington, Mr. Lincoln was assassinated, and Mr. Johnson inaugurated President. The case then came before President Johnson, who immediately, without any examination or investigation whatsoever, approved the findings and sentence of the court. And all three of them would undoubtedly have been hung had it not been for the timely exertions of Governor Morton, who spared no pains in his efforts to secure a commutation of sentence, in which he was finally successful."

Milligan was bitter against President Johnson for the leniency and recklessness with which he had treated the case, but spoke in the highest terms of praise of Mr. Lincoln and Gov. Morton. Governor Morton had saved him from the gallows; Mr. Lincoln, if he had lived, would have saved him from both the gallows and the Penitentiary.

He could feel kindly toward his benefactors when he was about to be released from prison; but after having time to mingle with his former associates of the Knights of the Golden Circle, and revive old recollections, he loses all the finer feelings of gratitude, as well as the sterner principles of justice inculcated by the wholesome discipline of a year's service in the Penitentiary; and at a public meeting of his friends, after endorsing, cordially, the Democratic party, assaults with all his original depravity and bitterness those whom he admitted had saved his neck from the gallows. Milligan, I learn, is again under arrest for high treason, and will doubtless be tried by the civil courts, where it is to be hoped he will get a fair trial, if it hangs him.

The Constitution Amendment. After a protracted debate, the Senate has passed the Reconstruction amendment, as it was agreed on in the Republican caucus, all the changes subsequently made being changes of form. As it now goes back to the House, it is in much better shape than when it left that body.

The declaration of the amendment is more explicit, and the original third section has been struck out. It is understood that the House will readily accede to the amendments of the Senate, in which case the proposition comes at once before the Legislature of the States. The country will be greatly rejoiced at the speedy ratification in Congressional councils, and the Republican party, we have not a doubt, will cordially approve and support the decision of its loyal and trusted representatives at Washington.—[N. Y. Trib.]

A Good Salary. The largest salary paid any one man in New England will be returned by Mr. Steere agent of the Salisbury Woolen Mills. When offered a similar position elsewhere, the Board of Directors very wisely concluded they could afford to pay him as much as any one else could, and advanced his salary to \$15,000.

M. DUCHATEL, a French chemist who has investigated the rate of growth to plants by day and night considers that the greatest increase in length takes place at night. His measurements have been made in the gladiolus, the strawberry, hop and other plants.

Ten Commissioners of Agriculture, from evidence in his possession computes the cotton crop of this year at from one and a half to two million bales. The negroes upon the plantations are almost universally represented in his reports to be working well.

The reports are now open, and our friends should read in the new subscribers.

STATE NEWS.

The trial of Covert, at Lebanon, is in fair progress. Forty-five witnesses for the State have been examined, and the testimony of the last trial strengthened at every point. The handkerchief found near the house has been identified as Covert's property. The testimony of Miss Shaffer, of Middletown, in regard to the full account of the murder told to her mother, is corroborated by a Mr. Morris. Five shots were fired at Miss Shaffer, one night before the trial commenced, as she was passing along the street, it is thought by some of Covert's friends.

The McConnelville Herald says: With all the gravity that a sage and prudent judge should command, they are not incapable of perpetrating jokes when in place. During the present term of the Court of Common Pleas, Judge Evans ordered Mr. Hartner's name to be placed upon the panel as one of the regular jurors, deeming this the most effectual way of preventing the annoyance given the Court by the noise from the tin shop where Mr. Hartner was employed.

Rocky Harter don't care much for its "tin" to him whether he is in the shop or Court room.

The Cadiz Republican states that at a meeting of the stockholders of the Harrison National Bank of Cadiz, twelve per cent on the capital stock was paid in, in order to place the stock at par, which had been impaired to that extent by reason of the loss of funds and expenses incurred resulting from the burglary some weeks ago. The special depositors, who entered into an arrangement to divide their losses pro rata, have lost, we understand, twenty-three per cent of their deposits.

The Lancaster papers report that localities in Fairfield County are much infested by Norway rats. Entire fields of corn have been destroyed by them, and in other instances acres were taken in a single night. They prey upon all kinds of grain, and also upon small animals. Many farmers are said to be swarming with them. As many as five hundred have been killed on a single farm in one day, by the usual force on a farm.

The Circleville Union says Col. John M. Connel, of Lancaster, has received from the President the appointment of Assessor of the 12th Dist., vice Chas. E. Shaffer, Esq. This is a position of considerable political significance, as both Col. Connel and Mr. Shaffer are friends of the President's policy, nor was it made because Mr. Shaffer had failed to discharge his duties with ability and honesty.

The second trial of Covert, for the murder of the Roosa, family in December last winter a year ago, has commenced in Lebanon. His second trial was granted on account of some irregularity in the first trial. It is said that new evidence, of the most startling and convincing character, will be offered on the new trial. Great eagerness is manifested to witness the proceedings.

The story of Mr. Alexander Speer, at New Concord, Ohio, was entered on Saturday night last, the safe broken open and robbed of between four and five hundred dollars. The perpetrators are supposed to be three young men, names unknown, who have been lurking about New Concord and Cambridge, Guernsey County, for the past three or four days.

The new trial of Covert for the murder of Alice Roosa was concluded at Lebanon Saturday evening. The jury were out of the court room but half an hour, and returned a verdict of guilty in the first degree. It is said that the reconstruction now in progress is an accessory in the murder.

The funeral of Captain Menter, the celebrated musician, took place at Cincinnati on Friday. He organized the Cornet Band in 1853, and as a band leader was well known throughout the entire country. The members of his band acted as pall bearers.

The Washington County News states that an owl was shot in that County recently which measured four feet nine inches from tip to tip, and the wings an inch and a half in length and a head as large as a full grown cat.

The Lorain County News says that Charles C. French, Esq., of Cleveland, has given \$5,000 to the Lorain College; \$500 for the endowment and \$4,500 for a new recitation hall. J. H. Clark, Esq., has given \$1,000.

The Noble County Republican says the school house at Crooked Tree, that County, was entirely consumed by fire on the 24th ult., supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

The village of Linaville, in Stark County, was visited by a serious fire on Saturday evening last, which consumed a large house of fire, spark from a locomotive.

The people of Ottawa, Putnam County, are making stone columns to raise \$15,000, the amount required for the removal of the County seat from Kalida to that place.

The Ohio State Medical Society will hold its Twenty-first Annual meeting at Ohio White Sulphur Springs, on Tuesday, the 19th of June, 1866.

The several Temperance Societies of the State propose to have a grand celebration at Dayton on the Fourth of July.

GREEN County has instructed its delegates to vote for the re-nomination of the Hon. Samuel Shellabarger.

Heroic. The St. Hyacinthe (C. W.) Courier of May 28th has the following:

As a train of the Grand Trunk was passing through this locality during the night, a young gentleman, Mr. Bachand, noticed that a house was on fire, while the engine seemed not to have noticed it. He urged the conductor to stop the train, or at least to slacken it, but met with a refusal. The courageous young man leaped from the train, broke his leg, and yet returned to the burning house, which was that of Mr. Urgele Desmarais, merchant. The family were all asleep, as Mr. Bachand had supposed, and he roused them in time to save their lives, with one exception, that of a young lady twenty-two years old, a niece of Mr. Desmarais.

A Good Salary. The largest salary paid any one man in New England will be returned by Mr. Steere agent of the Salisbury Woolen Mills. When offered a similar position elsewhere, the Board of Directors very wisely concluded they could afford to pay him as much as any one else could, and advanced his salary to \$15,000.

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SUMMARY OF LATE NEWS.

GEORGE W. CHILDS, Esq., has presented to the Commissioners of the City Property of Philadelphia the lifeboat used by Dr. Kane in his escape from the perils of Arctic Seas. The boat is to be hung between two trees, in Fairmount Park, near the Log Cabin, and a light shed will be placed over it, to protect it from the weather.

A WASHINGTON special to the Cincinnati Gazette says: Prominent secessionists are offering to bet, at large odds, that Jeff. Davis will be released on bail or parole within less than two weeks. Mr. O'Connor and Wm. B. Reed, his counsel, also express themselves confident that their client will be soon allowed his liberty.

AN EXPERIMENTAL train, fired with peas, was tried a few days ago in Connecticut. The train ran from Hartford to Springfield, twenty-five miles, in forty minutes, consuming 1,200 lbs. of peas. The trip is considered a success. It is said that there is neither smoke nor cinders, but all is consumed in the grate.

The reports from all quarters show that the Fenians have begun to leave for their homes, and are gratefully accepting the transportation at Government expense. Large numbers have left St. Albans and its vicinity, and those at Buffalo are finding their way home as best they can.

GENERAL BARRY issued an order last Friday at Buffalo, prohibiting the transportation of Fenians or their materials on railroads or other public conveyances in that department; and also forbidding the transmission of Fenian messages by telegraph, in cypher, or otherwise.

The Second Comptroller of the Treasury, in answer to the question, "Can the mother of a soldier, non-resident of the United States at the time of the death of her son, but subsequently having removed to this country, receive bounty?" decides that she cannot.

In dissenting the Federal debt, near Resaca, Tenn., recently, a body, exciting attention from the fact that it was found to be a woman, shot through the head. The supposed name was Charles Jonesboro, Company E, Sixtieth Missouri Volunteers.

The Administration has found a commendation for the popular disapproval of its Fenian policy. Sir Frederick Bruce, the British Minister at Washington, assures Mr. Seward of his entire satisfaction with the proceedings of the American Government.

HENRY SHAW, of St. Louis, has proposed to present a city with nearly two hundred acres of land, for a public park, on condition that the city would pay \$20,000 or \$30,000 each year in improving and adorning it. The land is valued at \$400,000.

ALFRED KROENKER appeared before a New York magistrate on Monday morning, after two days of wedded life, and demanded a divorce on the ground that the times had become so hard since his marriage that he was unable to support a wife.

JOSUAH F. PEARL, formerly Superintendent of the Public Schools in Nashville, has brought suit for \$50,000 damages against some members of a Vigilance Committee, who, in 1862, warned him to leave the city, believing him to be a spy.

ANTOINETTE PROUST, the murderer of the Deering family, was executed at Philadelphia on Friday. Only six reporters were present at the execution, the Sheriff refusing to admit these from a distance.

The floods in Louisiana are again receding, and there are no fears of a repetition this year. The people of the submerged country are terribly distressed, and relief is daily going from New Orleans.

A BELGIAN, measuring five feet eleven inches in height, eight feet six inches in breadth, and weighing 250 lbs., was killed in length of bill was killed a few days ago in the vicinity of Tusculum, Alabama.

The officers of the railroads between Washington and New Orleans held a meeting at Washington last week, and decided to run trains directly through between those two cities, in nine or ten hours.

ADAM WILKES, of Trent, seigneur, has bought a large landed property in the heart of North Carolina, including extensive iron works, and is engaged in getting ready to develop it.

The political campaign in Missouri is being carried on with much spirit. The renegade P. B. LeFever, Ex-Gov. Stone, of Iowa, a formidable opponent in his stamping tour.

The rebel Gen. Joe Johnson has declined the Presidency of the Alabama & Tennessee Railroad, and will remain in charge of the National Express Company, residing in Baltimore.

The Boston Traveller thinks a monument should be erected to Preston King, with an inscription setting forth that he was the only man that ever preferred death to office holding.

GEN. J. B. HOOD is said to be at the head of a stock company, forming a capital of \$250,000, for draining and rearing the streets of the city of New Orleans by machinery.

It is said that officers who served in the late war are numerous applying to Brevet Major General Ullman for positions under him in the Volunteer Corps of Garibaldi, Italy.

The Baltimore American reports an unusually large number of persons out of employment in that city, principally workers in iron, moulders and men engaged in ship yards.

A DISPATCH from Augusta, Ga., to the New York Tribune, says the military, by the printing office of the Government, which had not in substance, been communicated to it before a blow was struck. If the Fenians are guilty now, they were guilty then.

It is reported that Santa Anna will issue a manifesto in a few days, defending his course, and declaring himself in favor of the Republican party in Mexico.

RHODE ISLAND has a model Legislature. It has adjourned after a session of four days, during which time no less than eighty-three acts and resolutions were passed.

The wheat crop down in the Big Kanawha region is tolerable as to promise. The fruit crop is pretty much an entire failure.

The Denver (Colorado) News mentions the death of four men by lightning stroke near Denver on the 24th ult.

COLONEL STROTHER, ("Porte Crayon") of West Virginia, has been appointed Consul to Buenos Ayres.

HON. JOSHUA HILL, the Union leader of Georgia, has been made Collector of the port of Savannah.

The Wamsutter Mills, New Bedford, Mass., turned out five thousand yards of cloth last month.

The shock of an earthquake was felt at Dyersburg, Tenn., on the 25th ult.

Snow fell in Ontario County, N. Y., the first of June.

Gold cloud in New York on Saturday at 120.

UNION STATE CONVENTION.

Wednesday, June 20th, 1866.

STATE UNION CONVENTION ROOMS, CINCINNATI, O., May 1.

To the Union Voters of Ohio:

The annual State Convention of the Union Party of Ohio will be held in Cincinnati on Wednesday, the 21st day of June, 1866, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the National Convention to be held in New York City on the 17th of July, 1866, for the purpose of electing a President and Vice President of the United States.

The Convention will be held in the rooms of the Board of Public Works, in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, at 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 21st day of June, 1866. The Convention will be held in the rooms of the Board of Public Works, in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, at 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 21st day of June, 1866.

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Real Estate for Sale.

By Order of Probate Court.

ON the 10th day of July, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M., upon the premises, I will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, the following described premises, situate in the City